

## CY3242-IOXlite

## I<sup>2</sup>C Port Expander Lite Demo Kit Guide

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# Contents



Us	ing t	he I2C Port Expander Demonstration Kit	5
1.	Воа	ard Specifications and Component Location	5
	1.1	Board Specifications	5
	1.2	Components Location	6
2.	Jun	nper Settings and Connector Descriptions	6
	2.1	J1 Speaker Enable Jumper	6
	2.2	J2 - J9 Address Selection Jumpers	6
	2.3	J10 Interrupt Selection Jumper	6
	2.4	J11 - External I2C Interface	7
	2.5	J12 USB Connector	7
	2.6	J13 I2C-USB Bridge ISSP Connector	7
	2.7	J14 Power Source Selection Jumper	7
	2.8	J15 DC Adapter Plug Connector	7
	2.9	SW2 I2C Bus Select Switch	7
3.	I2C	Port Expander Address Selection Jumpers	7
	3.1	J2 - A3 Pin Mode	7
	3.2	J3 - A3 High/Low Select	7
	3.3	J4 - A2 Pin Mode	8
	3.4	J5 - A2 High/Low Select	8
	3.5	J6 - A1 Pin Mode	8
	3.6	J7 - A1 High/Low Select	8
	3.7	J8 - A0 High/Low Select	8
	3.8	J9 - A0 Pin Mode	8
	3.9	Setting the I2C Port Expander Address	8



4.	I2C	9	
	4.1	I2C Port Expander Address Example 1	9
	4.2	I2C Port Expander Address Example 2	9
	4.3	I2C Port Expander Address Example 3.	10
5.	Der	nonstration Example Scripts	1 <sup>,</sup>
	5.1	Script 1	11
	5.2	Script 2	11
6.	I2C	Port Expander Board Schematics	12

# Using the I2C Port Expander Demonstration Kit



Associated Project: Yes

Associated Part Family: CY8C9520A Software Version: PSoC Designer™ V4.3

Associated Application Notes and Kits: AN2352, CY3242-IOX, and CY3240-I2USB

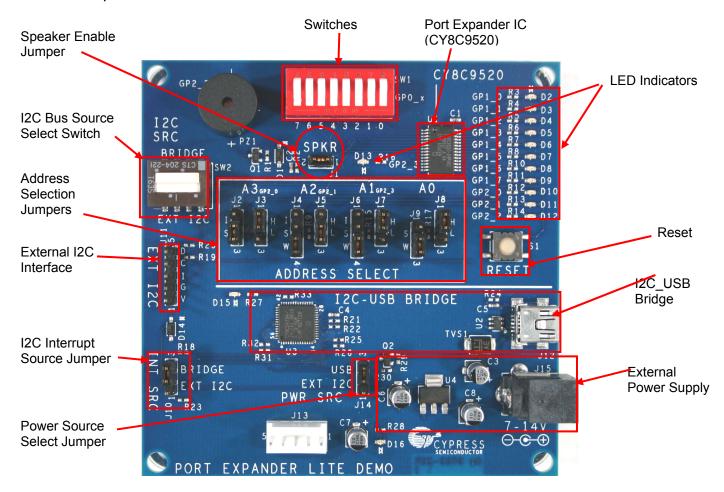
#### 1. Board Specifications and Component Location

#### 1.1 Board Specifications

Feature	Description						
Number of Port Expander Devices	1						
Device Part Number	CY8C9520A						
Communication Interface	I2C						
Power Sources	DC Adapter 7-14V 0.3A, 3.3V to 5V from External I2C, USB Cable 5V						
Maximum Power Consumption	5V 200 mA, 3.3V - 150 mA						
Device Power Consumption	5V 28 mA, 3.3V - 16 mA						
Board Size	3.5x3.5 inches (89x89 mm)						
Additional Features	Speaker, Eight DIP switch inputs, Integrated I2C-USB Bridge circuit or external I2C interface, 12 LED indicators, Reset switch, and Address selection jumpers.						



#### 1.2 Components Location



#### 2. Jumper Settings and Connector Descriptions

#### 2.1 J1 Speaker Enable Jumper

Open - Speaker is disconnected from the I/O Expander pin.

Closed - Expander pin GP2 2 is connected to the speaker driver circuit.

#### 2.2 J2 - J9 Address Selection Jumpers

See description below for details about port expander address selection.

#### 2.3 J10 Interrupt Selection Jumper

Open – U1 interrupt pin is disconnected from I2C interrupt line.

Closed 1, 2 – U1 interrupt pin is connected to the External I2C interrupt line.

Closed 2, 3 – U1 interrupt pin is connected to the I2C-USB Bridge interrupt line.



#### 2.4 J11 - External I2C Interface

1	2	3	4	5	
VCC	GND	Interrupt	Clock	Data	

#### 2.5 J12 USB Connector

Connects the I2C-USB Bridge circuit to the USB port for configuration and data collection.

#### 2.6 J13 I2C-USB Bridge ISSP Connector

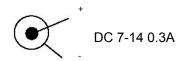
Used for reprogramming the I2C-USB Bridge circuit's firmware.

#### 2.7 J14 Power Source Selection Jumper

Closed 2, 3 – Board is powered from the USB cable (default).

Closed 1, 2 – Board is powered from external DC power supply using the internal regulator.

#### 2.8 J15 DC Adapter Plug Connector



#### 2.9 SW2 I2C Bus Select Switch

Connects the I/O Expander's I2C bus to either the I2C-USB Bridge circuit, or to the External I2C Connector (J11).

#### 3. I2C Port Expander Address Selection Jumpers

The I2C Port Expander board allows the user to select the address used for the expander device. You must configure every device on the same I2C bus to an individual I2C address. For I2C address configuration, use the address selection jumpers J2 – J9. Each address line has two jumpers associated with it, a Mode jumper and a High/Low jumper. The Mode jumper allows the pin to be connected to a LED for the I/O function (position I), as a Strong address pin (S), or as a Weak address pin (W). The High/Low jumper has no effect if the Mode jumper is in the I/O position. If the Mode jumper is in one of the address positions, the High/Low jumper determines if the address pin is pulled High (H) or Low (L).

Only the first four address pins, A0 through A3, are available for use as addresses on this demonstration board.

#### 3.1 J2 - A3 Pin Mode

1-2 (I): I/O mode (default)

2-3 (S): Strong Address

#### 3.2 J3 - A3 High/Low Select

1-2 (H): Pull up (default)

2-3 (L): Pull down



#### 3.3 J4 - A2 Pin Mode

1-2 (I): I/O mode (default)

2-3 (S): Strong Address

3-4 (W): Weak Address

#### 3.4 J5 - A2 High/Low Select

1-2 (H): Pull up (default)

2-3 (L): Pull down

#### 3.5 J6 - A1 Pin Mode

1-2 (I): I/O mode (default)

2-3 (S): Strong Address

3-4 (W): Weak Address

#### 3.6 J7 - A1 High/Low Select

1-2 (H): Pull up (default)

2-3 (L): Pull down

#### 3.7 J8 - A0 High/Low Select

1-2 (H): Pull up (default)

2-3 (L): Pull down

#### 3.8 J9 - A0 Pin Mode

1-2 (S): Strong Address (default)

2-3 (W): Weak Address

#### 3.9 Setting the I2C Port Expander Address

Use the A0 line to define the corresponding bit of the I2C address. Pull this pin up or down. If A0 is a strong pull up or a strong pull down (connected through 330 ohms or less, to Vdd or Vss), then that is the only address line specified and the A1-A6 lines are used as GPIO. If A0 is a weak pull up or a weak pull down (connected to Vdd or Vss through 75 - 200-kohm resistor), then A0 is not the only externally defined address bit.

There is a pin assigned to be A1 if it is needed. Pull this pin up or down, strong or weak with a resistor if it is going to be used for address selection. As with A0, the type of pull determines whether the address bit is the last externally defined address bit. Different from A0, A1 is not dedicated as an address pin. It is only used if A0 is not the only address bit externally defined. There are also predefined pins for A2, A3, A4, A5 and A6 that are only used for addressing if they are needed. The last address bit in the chain is pulled strong. That way, only the number of pins needed to assign the address desired for the part are allocated as address pins; and any pins not used for address bits are available for use as GPIO pins. The table, "Device Addressing," on page 3 of the I2C Port Expander Data Sheet defines the resulting device I2C address.

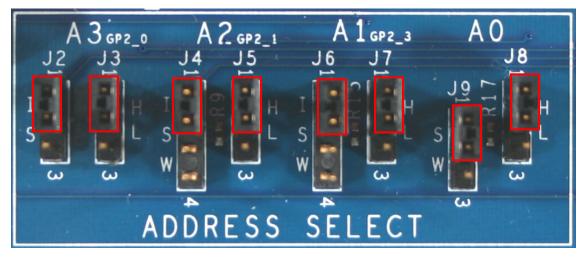


#### 4. I2C Port Expander Address Select Examples

#### 4.1 I2C Port Expander Address Example 1

To set the I2C address to 0x40 (0100000), set A0 to Strong Pull Down using jumpers J8 and J9. The other address pins are made available for use as GPIO by placing J2, J4 and J6 to the I (I/O) position. The resulting I2C address is:

A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	N/A <sup>a</sup>	Expander Address Pins
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	I2C Address Bits
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Bit Value
N/A	N/A	N/A	J2 = I	J4 = I	J6 = I	J9 = S J8 = L	N/A	Jumper Setting



I2C address is set to 0x42.

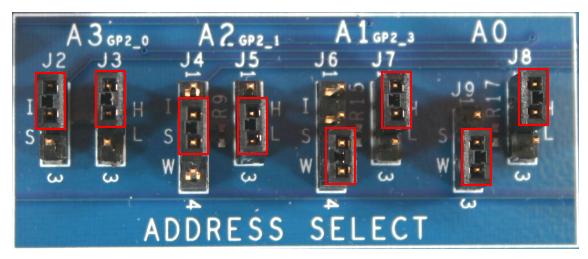
#### 4.2 I2C Port Expander Address Example 2

To set the I2C address to 0x46 (0100110), set A0 to Weak Pull Down, A1 to Weak Pull Up, and A2 to Weak Pull Down. A3 is still available for use as GPIO. The resulting I2C address is:

A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	N/A	Expander Address Pins
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	I2C Address Bits
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Bit Value
N/A	N/A	N/A	J2 = I	J4 = S J5 = H	J6 = W J7 = H	J9 = W J8 = L	N/A	Jumper Setting

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> This position represents the R/W bit.



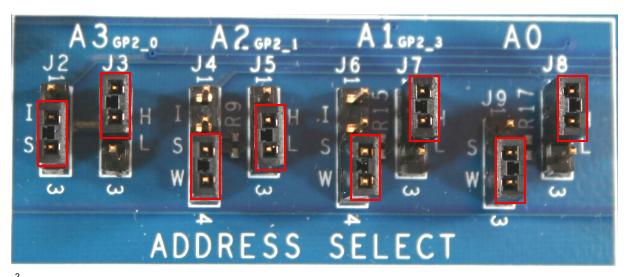


I2C address is set to 0x46.

#### 4.3 I2C Port Expander Address Example 3.

To set the I2C address to 0x56 (0101110), set A0 to Weak Pull Down, A1 to Weak Pull Up, A2 to Weak Pull Down, and A3 to Strong Pull Up. The resulting I2C address is:

A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	N/A	Expander Address Pins
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	I2C Address Bits
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Bit Value
N/A	N/A	N/A	J2 = S J3 = H	-	J6 = W J7 = H	J9 = W J8 = H	N/A	Jumper Setting



I<sup>2</sup>C address is set to 0x56.



#### 5. Demonstration Example Scripts

#### 5.1 Script 1

#### 1 kHz tone to speaker. Address is 0x42. Install Jumper J1.

#### 5.2 Script 2

#### Read switches states. Address is 0x42.

```
;Set up Port 0 to read switches
s42 08 00 ;Write to port 0 zeros
s42 18 00 ;select the Gport to be configured
s42 1c ff ;Set the port direction to input
s42 1e ff ;select Resistive pull Down drive
s42 00 ;start reading
s43 x ;repeat this line for continuously reading button
state
```

See the I2C Port Expander Data Sheet for more configuration details.



### 6. I2C Port Expander Board Schematics

